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Information and hybrid challenges: actualisation of the library practice legal content

The article examines theoretical concepts in understanding the following concepts: "information", "legal information", "hybrid challenges" and "library practices". The author analyses the impact of the information practices and their legal content in the context of hybrid impacts on the library services consumer. The prospects of acquiring special competences in understanding the interactions of information as a legal instrument of the response to hybrid threats for library staff are comprehended and determined.

The prospects for acquiring knowledge and practical skills in creating library practices as the information legal tools in resisting the hybrid threats are determined.

Keywords: information; legal information; special competence; library; library practice; library services; hybrid challenges

Introduction. Information, as an important component of human existence, is characterised by various branches and spheres, and therefore is defined, comprehended, analysed and developed by the types of influence. Thus, legal information is of particular importance among the various types of information, which allows to ensure legal relations in all spheres of life.

According the Article 17 of the Law of Ukraine "On Information", legal information is 'any information about law, its system, sources, implementation, legal facts, legal relations, law and order, offences and the fight against them and their prevention, etc.' [12]. According to the law, "the sources of legal information are the Constitution of Ukraine,

other legislative and bylaw regulations, international treaties and agreements, norms and principles of international law, as well as non-normative legal acts, media reports, public speeches, and other sources of information on legal issues" [12].

To ensure access to legal information in Ukraine, the accessible information resources have been created and effective educational practices are being implemented to raise awareness and knowledge of the practical application of this type of information.

Legal information and its phenomenological features are an actively studied phenomenon among Ukrainian researchers. Despite the generally high interest of scholars in the concept of "legal information", the theoretical understanding of its phenomenon is being updating, which caused by rapid political, economic, social, cultural transformations, etc.

Theoretical Background. The defining mission of legal information in its global and local dimensions is emphasised by Ukrainian scholars who stress the priority in relations of legal culture, where information occupies a special place [7].

Legal information as an object of legal relations is analysed by scholars through the prism of values and influences. In her research, A. Borysova emphasises the globalisation of information flows, where information manifests itself as a value that has a decisive impact on the legal status and legal relations between people [3].

Studying the conceptual phenomenon of legal information, the scholars refer to its normative characteristics (laws and regulations, international treaties and agreements, principles of international law, media reports, public speeches, and other sources of information on legal issues), as well as focus on the importance of non-normative influences.

Analysing theoretical and legal approaches to the definition of the concept of "legal information", I. Kazmirova offers the author's concept of this term. The researcher proposes to define legal information "as any information about law, its system, sources, mechanism of legal regulation, law and order, offences and combating them, etc." [5, p. 72].

Considering the phenomenon of legal information, the researchers emphasise the importance of such a concept as "legal awareness". The scientists are unanimous in determining the priority of the latter in the processes of formation of human legal awareness. Highlighting the criterion characteristic of legal awareness, the scholars underline the key role of acquiring legal knowledge and skills to apply the rules of law in practice, to understand and defend one's rights and freedoms, guaranteed by the Constitution of Ukraine. Uniting legal consciousness

with deep worldview, the scholars identify its exceptional impact on human behaviour, based on the ideals of the rule of law. The thesis "Law is impossible without a developed public legal consciousness of a person as well as there is no rule of law democratic state without law" is undoubtedly relevant to the Ukrainian reality [11, p. 128].

So, we determine the priority of the scientific novelty of the research problem of the phenomenon of information, its legal aspect in the system of acquiring professional competencies for the effective functioning of library practices in the context of hybrid challenges. The theoretical understanding of the defined issues allows us to increase legal awareness and legal consciousness of the main groups of stakeholders in the biotechnology business.

The legal awareness in the hybrid challenges context is one of the most important components for the social viability of a person, because knowledge of one's rights and freedoms is an integral part of human existence, legal awareness and legal culture. In addition, the legal awareness is a crucial practice of the information function in librarianship.

The issue of legal awareness is an urgent theoretical and practical problem for Ukraine today. It is a set of legal knowledge about legal norms, rights, ways of their implementation in specific relations and situations that is important for ensuring both personal and professional life. Legal awareness has become the vital issue during the Russian-Ukrainian war, when the Ukrainian reality is undergoing rapid transformations in all spheres of human existence, where people face a fierce hybrid challenges and threats flow.

The concept of "legal awareness" as a theoretical category is not actively researched by the Ukrainian scholars in the context of the hybrid challenges, dealt with library practices. The vast majority of legal scholars refer to such concepts as: "information function of law", "legal information", "legal consciousness", "legal competence", etc. The Ukrainian scholars have not considered legal awareness in the prism of professional competence of cultural workers, librarians yet.

Analysing the Ukrainian scientists' researches, concerned the legal awareness, we should note that they are unanimous in their opinion that it is very important for the legal system functioning.

Y. Dupai, a Ukrainian researcher, defines the concept of "legal awareness" as "the process of creating optimal conditions for the fullest possible satisfaction of information and legal problems of various subjects through the use of information resources with advanced technologies" [4, p. 54].

Analysing the legal awareness of society, she emphasises the key role of ensuring the latter, as it is crucial for the legal equality of people. Y. Dupai also underlines the priority of cognition as a significant and characteristic essence of law, where such principles of legal cognition as openness, accessibility, officialdom, and efficiency are significant [4, p. 54—55].

Considering the specifics of the law informational function as the basis of legal awareness in Ukraine, I. Antoshyna, a scholar, reveals the historical origins of the understanding of legal awareness. She notes that the existence of legal customs and influences of the Ancient World rather restrained legal awareness of people in order to influence people. As the scientist rightly emphasises, the legal system and legal awareness in its modern sense are two interdependent categories. The latter is the channel that allows forming individual legal consciousness and legal culture [1].

The researcher's thesis that "The raising the level of legal awareness is directly related to solving such current issues as building a law-governed state, building an information society, educating a citizen of the country, who respects and observes the laws and the interests of other citizens" [1, p. 137] is right.

Today, the issue of legal subject matter competence in various professional manifestations is relevant. Highlighting the concept and structure of legal subject competences, L. Ryabovol, a Ukrainian researcher, actualises the introduction of a competence-based approach to legal education. Its results will be the abilities to correlate professional actions with current legislation to comply with legal norms and to evaluate life from the standpoint of law [14, p. 265].

The purpose of the article is to understand the role and place of information and its legal content in the context of hybrid challenges in context of the actualisation of the library practices prospects and transformations. To achieve the purpose, we have defined **the following tasks**: to study the theoretical approaches to understanding the concepts "information", "legal information", "hybrid challenges"; to analyse the prospects for acquiring special competencies among the librarianship stakeholders as well as the effective transformations of library practices in the system of identifying hybrid challenges.

Results. The peculiarities of legal influence on social relations in the cultural and artistic sphere, the role and importance of legal awareness are emphasised by the Ukrainian scholars. They focus on the priority of legal knowledge in the professional activities of cultural workers, as their legal awareness allows them to ensure the cultural services consumers' high-quality cultural rights and freedoms [6].

In the study, we actualise the issue of legal awareness as a professional competence of library staff, and determine the particular relevance of this issue in the context of hybrid challenges. Today, the library is a communication centre that can provide information as well as humanitarian, volunteer, counselling, rehabilitation support.

Studying the libraries activities during the Russian-Ukrainian war, the scholars are unanimous in their conclusions about their special mission and role in this difficult period for Ukraine. In the methodological advice on the work of libraries under martial law, the Department of Culture and Tourism of the Kharkiv Regional Military Administration and the Kharkiv Regional Universal Scientific Library focus on active transformations of the professional competences of library staff. Today, the library operates as a centre for free legal aid, setting up official websites, online services, and preparing information materials that help temporarily displaced persons receive all the necessary information and legal assistance.

Legal awareness is an important professional competence of a library worker, as they are entrusted with a supporting mission in recording war crimes within their local manifestation, namely: "dead, wounded civilians as a result of the enemy's use of weapons; facts of physical violence; damage, destruction of cultural buildings; damage to buildings and monuments, non-military objects; damage to medical and humanitarian missions" [13, p. 10].

Acquiring professional competences for library staff, it is worth noting the activities of the Ukrainian Library Association, which offers a number of educational events that help to increase legal awareness in professional activities. For example, in 2023 and 2024, the ULA organised and held the following events for the library community: an online seminar "Copyright in the Library", the All-Ukrainian Scientific and Practical Conference "Library. People. War. Losses and achievements", V Scientific and Practical Online Conference "Information Policy of Memory — Survival, Preservation and Development of Ukrainian Libraries in the Nowadays" [15].

In Ukrainian realities the library should potentially be transformed into an information centre with a set of practices that will help overcome hybrid challenges and threats. After all, the military full-scale aggression against Ukraine includes hybrid forms of warfare. The hybrid warfare tools influence a large number of people, destroying them emotionally, erasing their values, and misleading them with disinformation. Cultural trauma, culture shock and cultural genocide are the negative consequences of the Russian-Ukrainian war.

The hybrid challenges and threats and the response to them, are a crucial topic for the Ukrainian reality. The Ukrainians are bombarded with a huge amount of negative, false information, aimed at destabilising both the individual and the society.

The understanding the nature of hybrid threats, their goals and negative potential is essential knowledge for different segments of the population. Theoretical and practical awareness of identifying, countering and resisting the hybrid threats will help to form both personal and social resilience. That is why it is necessary to actively implement informational and educational practices in the activities of various institutions that can potentially work with the population to understand the phenomenon of hybrid threats.

The libraries are one of such institutions. Their main mission is to provide information services. The prospects of the library as an information centre for countering the hybrid threats are undeniable. To implement this area of activities, library staff need to acquire professional competencies that will allow them to deal with the outlined issues.

The relevance of acquiring professional competencies for cultural workers is also highlighted by the representatives of the academic community. The special competencies, aimed at the information and educational practices to resist the hybrid threats were formulated within the framework of the Erasmus+ project "Academic Response to Hybrid Threat" (WARN) 610133-EPP-1-2019-1-FI-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP, funded by the European Commission.

In our opinion, the practical tools to raise the Ukrainians awareness about hybrid threats in library information centres can be the practical manual "New Hybrid Teaching Methodology" (authors: E. Balashov et al.) [4] and "Glossary of Hybrid Threats" (authors: S. Hryshko et al.) [10].

The librarians have the opportunity to acquire such competences during their professional development at the LLL Centre at the National Academy of Cultural and Arts Management. The Centre offers specialised programmes developed by the representatives of the #WARN project team from the NACAM, namely "New Hybrid Teaching Metho-

dology" [9] and "Cultural Practices as a Tool for Countering Hybrid Threats in the Real and Virtual Environment" [8] are the information and educational resources. They allows to form professional knowledge of the understanding of the terminology, to apply them in the professional lexic; to recognize the academic and educational practices as the priority tools in the system of protection against hybrid threats; to use effective teaching methods in professional activities that will allow to develop the lecturers and students skills. The subject matter of the proposed programmes gives you the opportunity to acquire knowledge about the introduction of information centres in libraries on resisting the hybrid threats.

Conclusions. The phenomenon of information and its legal content in the prism of Ukrainian scholars theoretical concepts and approaches are characterised by the interdisciplinarity and the author's approach to defining the researched concept phenomenology. It should be emphasised that the scholars are unanimous in asserting the significant mission of the legal content of information in forming human civic consciousness, understanding of rights and freedoms, supporting the rule of law and its development. After all, the legal knowledge allows us to carry out their professional activities efficiently and responsibly, focusing on the challenges of time and the complexity of the Ukrainian present, which is characterised by active hybrid influences.

To implement the functional direction of the library as an information centre for response to hybrid threats, the educational, methodological and practical materials have been developed to carry out the extremely necessary and relevant work.

The library, library practices have their effective potential to develop the proactive people's skills, a socially responsible citizen by the information and educational services. The theoretical knowledge about hybrid challenges, threats and practical skills of their detection and response will allow us to form an information culture of a person, who is capable of legal personalised struggle against the enemy of Ukraine.

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ОНП "Інформаційна, бібліотечна та архівна справа"

Національної академії керівних кадрів культури і мистецтв

Інформація та гібридні виклики:

актуалізація правового змісту бібліотечної практики

У статті досліджено теоретичні концепції осмислення понять "інформація", "правова інформація", "гібридні виклики" та "бібліотечна практика". Проаналізовано значення й дію інформаційних практик, їх правовий зміст в умовах гібридних впливів на споживача бібліотечної послуги. Осмислено та визначено перспективність набуття спеціальних компетентностей із розуміння взаємовпливів інформації як правового інструменту протидії гібридним загрозам для працівників бібліотеки. З'ясовано перспективність набуття знань і практичних навичок у створенні бібліотечних практик як інформаційного правового інструменту в подоланні гібридних загроз.

Ключові слова: інформація; правова інформація; спеціальна компетентність; бібліотека; бібліотечна практика; бібліотечні послуги; гібридні виклики

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АРХІВОЗНАВСТВО Й АРХІВНА СПРАВА



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Ініціативи Міжнародної ради архівів у сфері навчання та професійного розвитку

У статті проаналізовано ініціативи Міжнародної ради архівів (МРА) у сфері навчання й професійного розвитку. Враховуючи сучасні виклики, такі дослідження є критично важливими для забезпечення високої якості архівної роботи на глобальному рівні.

Констатовано, що використання матеріалів і документів МРА є основою для підготовки висококваліфікованих кадрів, здатних забезпечити подальший розвиток і популяризацію архівної галузі. З огляду на це впровадження напрацювань дослідників МРА є пріоритетним завданням національних органів у сфері архівної справи.

Зауважено, що МРА відіграє центральну роль у стандартизації архівної освіти на міжнародному рівні, забезпечуючи гармонізацію знань і практик між країнами світу. Ініціативи МРА сприяють налагодженню професійних зв'язків між архівістами, що дає змогу обмінюватися досвідом, найкращими практиками та інноваціями. Успішне впровадження програм, спрямованих на підготовку архівістів до роботи з цифровими документами та новітніми технологіями, демонструє адаптивність МРА до змін в інформаційному середовищі. Використання сучасних освітніх форматів, як-от дистанційне навчання, сертифікаційні програми, інтерактивні тренінги тощо, дає змогу забезпечити гнучкість й ефективність професійного розвитку архівістів.